

Consortium

CGIAR is a global research partnership for a food secure future

Opening Access to Agriculture Research Products: The Experience of CGIAR

Agricultural Information Management
Standards (AIMS) Open Access Week October 2012
Enrica Porcari

CGIAR

A global partnership that unites organizations engaged in research for a food secure future



Research Infrastructure and Networks across the Globe

- 15 Research Centers in close collaboration with hundreds of partner organizations
- Over 8,000 scientists and staff
- Over 250 locations in 80 countries



Research Objectives

- Reduce rural poverty
- Increase food security
- Improve human health and nutrition
- Ensure more sustainable management of natural resource



CGIAR Research Agenda and Programs

Overarching themes

Gender
Capacity Strengthening
Partnerships/Stakeholder Engagement



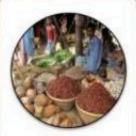
Improve productivity and profit for crops, fish and livestock



Improve sustainability of natural resource base, climate change adaptation and mitigation



Improve productivity, profitability, sustainability and resilience of farming systems



Improve policies and markets



Improve nutrition and health

Reducing Rural Poverty, Improving Food Security, Improving Nutrition and Health,
Sustainably Managing Natural Resources



Massive Quantities of D&K

- Multiple disciplines: plant breeding, entomology, agronomy, agroforestry, so ciology, economics, as well as crop, livestock, human nutrition and health sciences
- Multiple units of measurement: molecular, plant and animal, plot and farm, landscape and watershed, geographical



Many Knowledge Research Products

- Publications
- Data and datasets
- Other information products
- Improved germplasm
- Knowledge Evaluation Models

- Technologies
- Inventions
- Know-how
- Videos
- Processes
- Software

Tacit Knowledge



Open D&K Efforts Gaining Momentum

- Open government data is growing
- Civil society is getting organized and communities of practice are forming
- Research funders and international institutions are shifting toward open access model (DFID Open and Enhanced Access Policy (effective 1 Nov 2012), World Bank, OECD, UNESCO, NIH, Wellcome Trust)









Open Science Overview

Open Science Working Group activity facures on three areas: open data, open access and open research. We halfd took, apps, datasets and goldelines to facilitate all three aspects of open science.

Open lidean are gaining haction in many scientific communities where by default data is not obsaid heady, papers are published in closed except journals and the scientific process operates behind closed doors. The default level of operation varies accions academic fields and theories are seek involvement from resourches across file sciences and beyond to emisse these communities are seek involvement form seek communities.



Open data

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Open access

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Panton Principles

Principles for Open Data in Science

Endorse About Comment FAQ Translations Discussions Panton Fellowships

Science is based on building on, reusing and openly criticising the published body of scientific knowledge.

For science to effectively function, and for society to reap the full benefits from scientific endeavours, it is crucial that science data be made **open**.

By open data in science we mean that it is freely available on the public internet permitting any user to download, copy, analyze, re-process, pass them to software or use them for any other purpose without financial, legal, or technical barriers other than those inseparable from gaining access to the internet itself. To this end data related to published science should be explicitly placed in the public domain.

Web buttons

Get an open data web button.

for your project!

COUNTY OF THE PARTY.

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The policy, approved by the Board of Executive Directors in November 2009, is a sea change for the Bank and has already been recognized within the development community as a fundamental shift in approach that sets a new standard for international organizations. It is broadly based on information laws adopted by India and the United States.

This new policy constitutes a major shift in the Bank's approach to information disclosure, transparency, sharing of knowledge, and



Topics

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Websites

- > World Bank Areess to Information
- > Access to Information: Frequently Asked Questions

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> Access to Information Policy (July 1, 2018) (pdf)

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National Institutes of Health Public Access

The Public Assess Public ensures that the public has assess to the published conducty SIH founds about the published conducty funds but the public has a conductive and improve human health.

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Overview

The <u>MH Public Access Policy</u> ensures that the public has access to the published results of MH funded research. It requires scientists to submit final peer-reviewed journal manuscripts that arise from MH funds to the digital archive <u>Published Central upon acceptance for publication</u>. To help advance science and improve human health, the Policy requires that these papers are accessible to the public on Public dentral no later than 32 months after publication.

How to Comply

All of your papers that fall under the NBH Public Access Policy, whether in press or in print, must include <u>evidence of compliance</u> in all of your NBH applications and reports.

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Does the NIH Public Access Policy apply to your paper?

2. Address Copyright

Ensure your publishing agreement allows the paper to be posted to Publied Central in accordance with the NIH Public Access Policy.

3. Submit paper to PMC

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4. Include PMCID in Citations

Include the PMCID at the end of the full citation in your application or report.



CGIAR: Barriers to Opening Access to Research Products

- Distributed governance of institutions
- Lack of formal overarching data and knowledge management vision or strategy
- Absence of agreed guidelines on implementing the principles
- Underinvestment in appropriate data and knowledge management cultures, platforms, and protocols



CGIAR: Barriers to Opening Access to Research Products

- Lack of widespread awareness of value of OA
- Long-established incentives to high-impact (closed) articles
- Lack of agreed means to pay for opening up access



CGIAR: Barriers to Opening Access to Research Products

- Lack of common and consistently-applied standards and best practices
- Too few specialized professional staff
- Inadequate technical infrastructure
- Few incentives, workplans and resources to curate and share data and knowledge



D&K Efforts in CGIAR

- In CGIAR moral and business imperative
- New reality more appropriate environments, incentives, and rewards for CGIAR scientists to develop, document and share D&KM outputs



CGIAR Intellectual Assets: New Vision

- Results of research and development activities are international public goods
- Open and free access to all research results and development activities is the default



Legal Framework

In March 2012 CGIAR Consortium Board approved Intellectual Assets Principles



- GIAR research products shall be promptly and broadly disseminated in appropriate open digital formats that allow perpetual access
- Appropriate licensing shall be adopted to allow and encourage widespread use and appropriation of CGIAR research products



GIAR research products shall be described with appropriate *metadata* so its content can be *discovered* and shared across different platforms and applications, and can be incorporated into other systems and services, through using common protocols and formats



Platforms and systems for storage and curation of CGIAR research products must be chosen considering open standards which will make data and information accessible and harvestable to ensure use, re-use and interoperability



GGIAR research products should not be duplicated, and efforts must be made to use appropriate, existing datasets and information to build upon



Institutional Opportunities in Reformed CGIAR

- Performance contracts that include data delivery and documentation and the resources to deliver on those
- Legal and IP enablers: creating a legal environment that enables and promotes the free sharing of data and methods as international public goods



Institutional Opportunities in Reformed CGIAR

- Best-of-breed processes and tools that facilitate best practice approaches to documentation and interoperability
- Annual performance processes that acknowledge and reward the publishing of data, methods and tools



Institutional Opportunities in Reformed CGIAR

- A scientific citation and publication process that treats published data and methods in the same way as peer-review journal articles
- Support to open knowledge sharing and learning environment – collaboration encouraged and rewarded



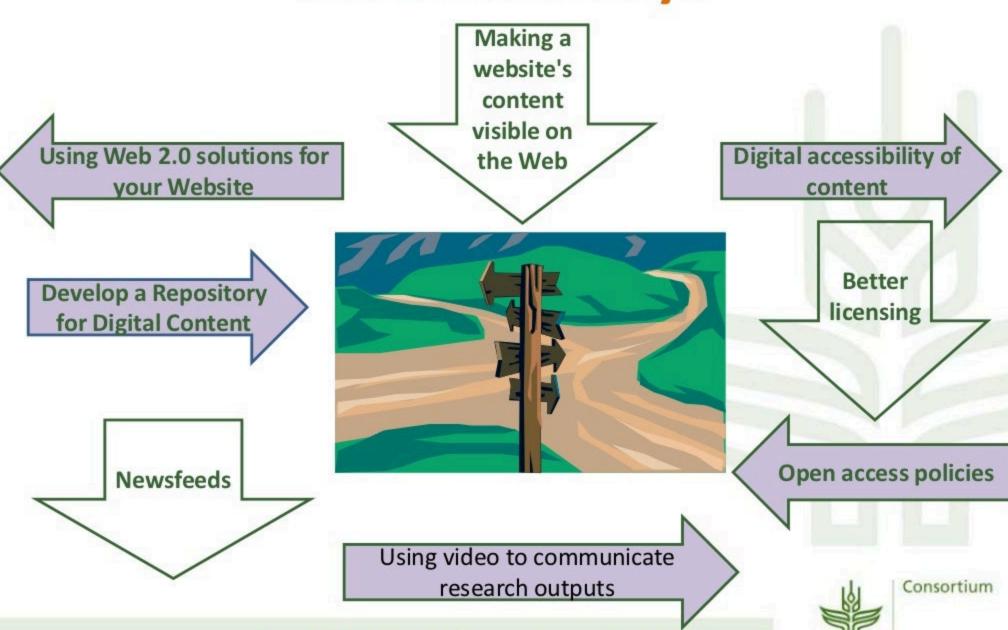
How Do We Make Knowledge Travel?

- For knowledge to travel (and be used) people need:
 - √ To be able to find it (availability)
 - √To be able to put their hands on it (accessibility)
 - √ To be able to make use of it and re-use it (applicability)
- CGIAR AAA framework
- CIARD Movement





Some Pathways



CGIAR is a global research partnership for a food secure future

CGIAR

What are CGIAR Centers Doing

- Institutional repositories –
 Dspace, Dataverse
- Creative commons licencing
- Use of 'social' platforms and tools
- Content available for re-use through RSS



Bio-informatics Portal





CGSpace



CGSpace beta

a repository of research outputs

CGSpace Home

Welcome

This is a repository of agricultural research outputs and results produced by several CGIAR centers, initiatives, and challenge programs. It indexes reports, articles, press releases, presentations, videos, policy briefs and more. Visit the community of your choice; search across the whole site; sign up for email alerts and newsfeeds on topics or groups that interest you.

CGSpace is still in beta; it is supported by the CGIAR Challenge Program on Water and Food, the CGIAR Research Program on Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security, the International Livestock Research Institute, and the World Agroforestry Centre.

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ICRISAT OA Repository



Structure of Indebtedness of Households in Semi-Arid Tropics of India

Reddy, A A (2012) Structure of Indebtedness of Households in Semi-Arid Tropics of India. Agricultural Economics Research Review, 25. pp. 473-483. ISSN 53 8974-8279



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Abstract

The credit delivery system in India comprises both formal and informal institutions. The formal system comprises commercial banks, regional rural banks and cooperatives, while the predominant informal sources of credit are commission agents, traders, friends and relatives, chit funds and more recently, self help groups. This paper has examined aspects like (i) who gets cheaper and who gets costly loans? (ii) how different borrowers and lenders are matched to each other? (iii) for what



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Wheat Atlas

An online portal to diverse information on wheat production, markets and research, with particular focus on the developing countries. The information is geographically organized, and can be visualized using maps and charts.

Wheat Science News

Antioxidant Enzyme Responses of Winter Wheat to Drought Stress - CO2 Science Magazine - Sep 18 2012

Leaf wax may prevent heat stress in wheat - Phys.Org - Sep 10 2012

Bulgarians cultivating ancient einkorn grain - Reuters - Aug 14 2012

Useful Resources

CIMMYT

Wheat Doctor

Wheat Initiative

Borlaug Global Rust Initiative

RustTracker.org



World Wheat News

Curated by International Maize and Whe...



Un nouvel Eldorado pour le blé en Afrique

La flambée des cours mondiaux et les nouveaux modes de consommation urbains en Afrique rendent la culture du blé, longtemps négligée au profit du mais, de nouveau rentable pour le continent où la demande explose.

Scoop. III

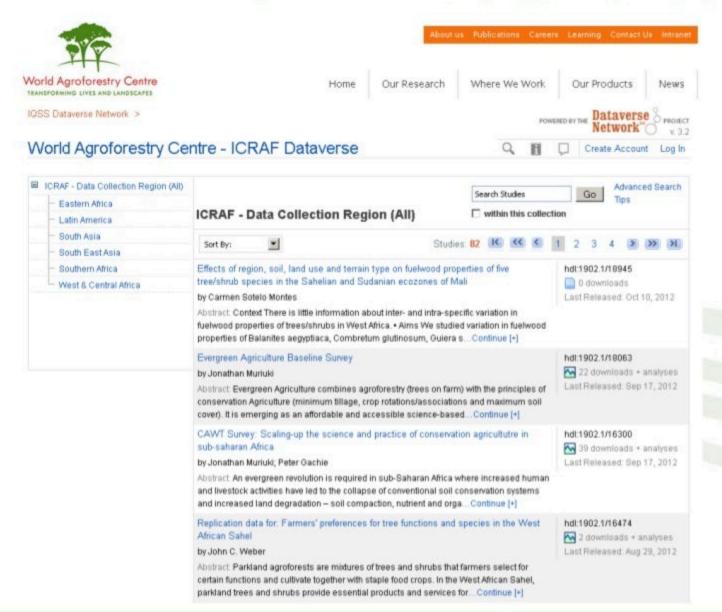
- Wheat was one of the first domesticated food crops and for 8000 years has been the basic staple food of major civilizations in Europe, West Asia, and North Africa.
- Wheat is being harvested somewhere in the world in any given month.
- World trade for wheat is greater than for all other crops combined.
- Wheat provides more nourishment for humans than any other food source.





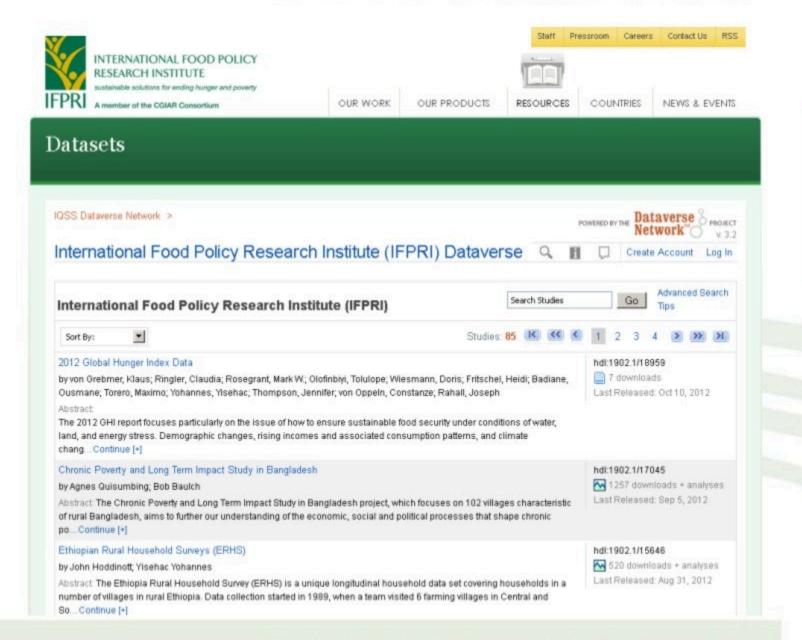


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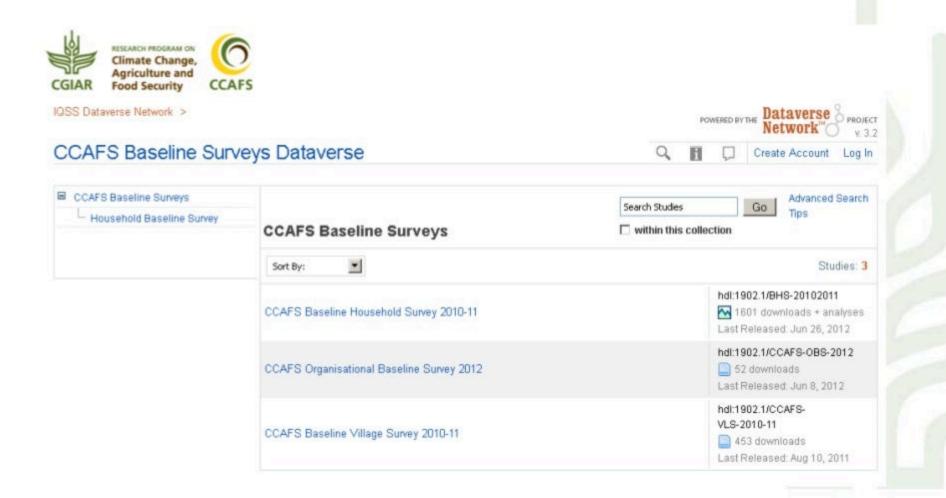


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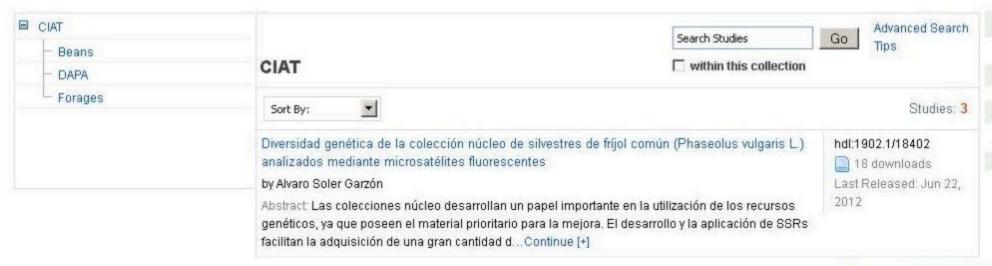
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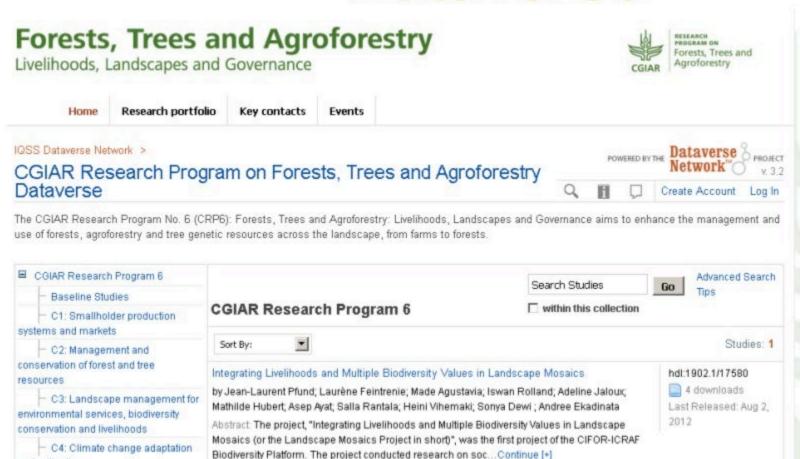
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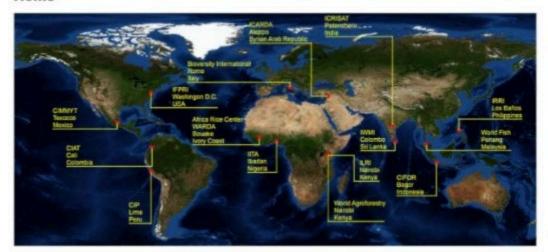
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Spatial Science in the Service of Global Food Security and Sustainable Livelihoods

The Consultative Group on International Agricultural Research (CGIAR) is a global partnership dedicated to reducing poverty and hunger, improving human health and nutrition, and enhancing ecosystem resilience through advanced agricultural research. The Consortium for Spatial Information (CGIAR CSII) is the CGIAR community that promotes and

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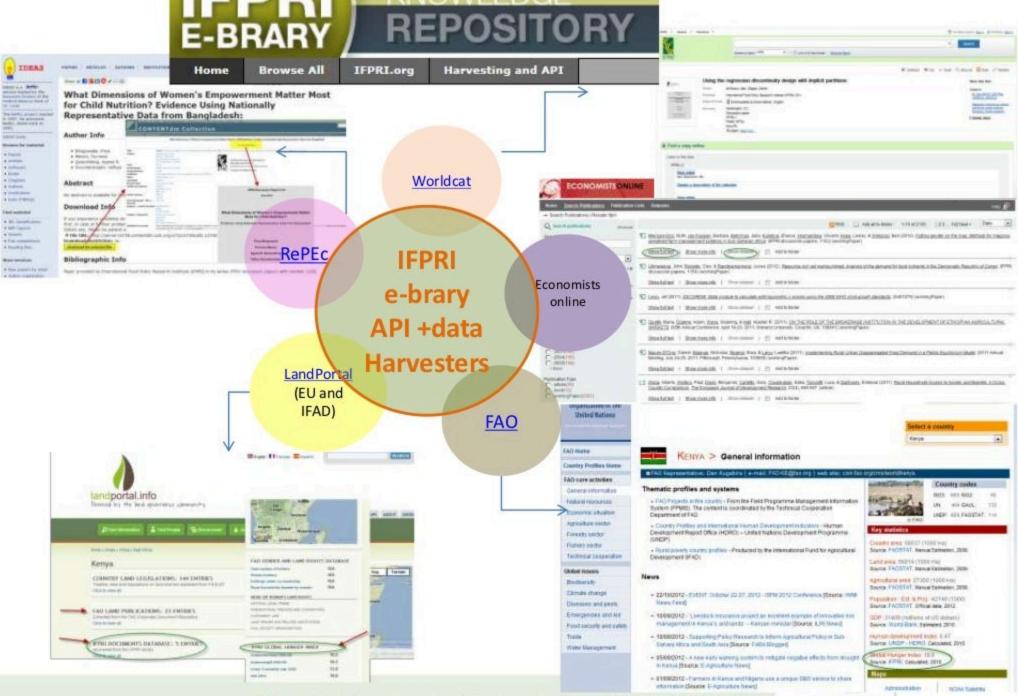
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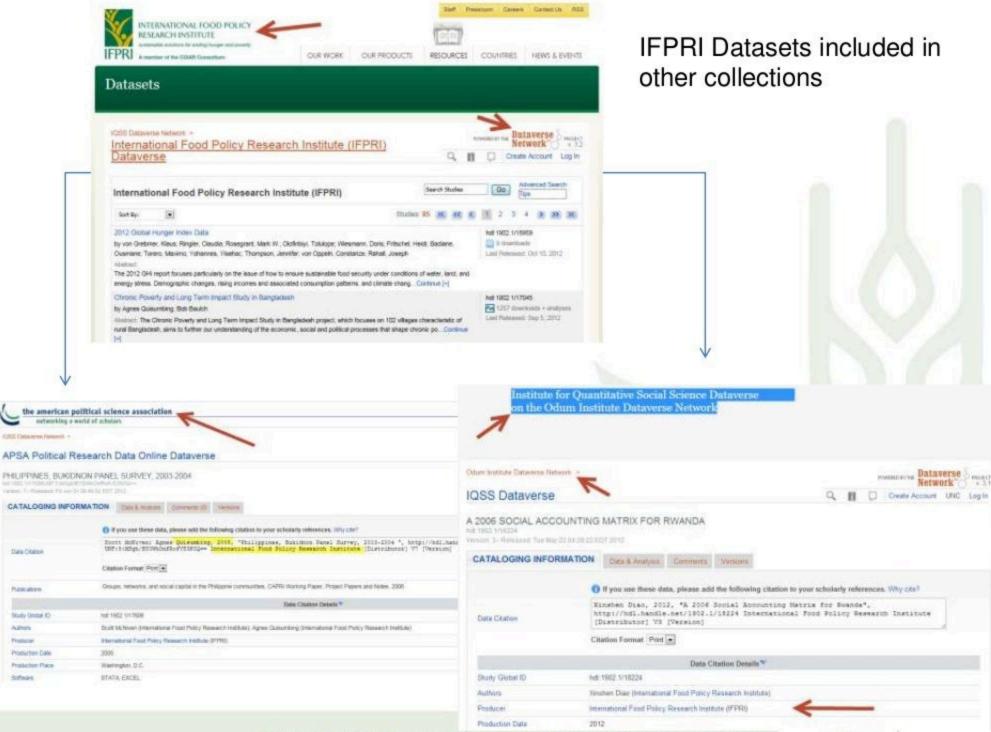


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Developing a Road Map: Ideas for Collective Actions

- 1. CGIAR Open Access Policy & Guidelines
- 2. Plant Data Management System
- 3. Spatial Information System
- 4. Research Project Management System
- 5. CGIAR Knowledge Commons



A Few Reflections

- Philosophy: open formats, free of charge, licensed to reuse, and visually compelling
- Leadership support
- Open data infrastructure
- Carrots and sticks



Questions



